

# Free/Libre and Open Source Software

Lecture 9

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### Shell options

- v Print shell input lines as they are read.
- x Print commands and their arguments as they are executed.
- c STRING Read and execute commands from STRING after processing the options, then exit.

```
bash -c help
```

```
bash -c 'help set'
```

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### Shell programming

```
$ cat > hello  
echo Hello word!  
^D  
$ sh hello -v  
Hello word!  
$ chmod +x hello  
$ ./hello  
Hello word!
```

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### Parameters

Variable	Bourne-Shell	C-Shell	Korn-Shell, Bash, Pdksh, Zsh
Number of arg-s	<code>\$#</code>	<code>\$#argv</code>	<code>\$#</code>
All arg-s	<code>\$*</code>	<code>*,\$argv*, \$argv[*]</code>	<code>*,\$@</code> (preserve whitespaces and quoting)
N argument	<code>\$n</code>	<code>\$n,argv[n]</code>	<code>\$n,\$[n]</code>
Prog. name	<code>\$0</code>	<code>\$0</code>	<code>\$0</code>
Last argument		<code>\$argv[\$#argv]</code>	

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### Conditions and switches

**B:** if *list*; then *list*; [ else *list*; ] fi

**C:** if *list*; then *list*; [ else if *list*; then *list*; ] ... [ else *list*; ] endif

**K:** if *list*; then *list*; [ elif *list*; then *list*; ] ... [ else *list*; ] fi

**B:** case *word* in *pattern* [ | *pattern* ] ... ) *list* ;; \*) *list* ;; ... esac

**C:** switch (*word*) case *pattern*: *list* breaksw default: *list*  
breaksw endsw

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### Basic logical operators

`$?` – exit value of the last run command

`true` – return 0

`false` – return not 0

`prog1 && prog2`

`prog1 || prog2`

`B: if list; then list; [ elif list; then list; ] ... [ else list; ] fi`

`C: if (list) then list; [ else if (list) then list; ] ... [ else list; ]  
endif`

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### Test

test *EXPR or* [ *EXPR* ]

Expressions:

-n *STR* | *STR* – *STR* is not zero

-z *STR* – *STR* is zero

! *EXPR* – *EXPR* is false

*EXPR1* -a *EXPR2* – AND

*EXPR1* -o *EXPR2* – OR

*STRING1* = *STRING2* – the strings are equal

*STRING1* != *STRING2* – the strings are not equal

*INT1* -eq|ge|gt|le|lt|ne *INT2* – *INT1* and *INT2* comparison

-f *FILE* – *FILE* exists and is a regular file

-d *FILE* – *FILE* exists and is a directory

-L *FILE* – *FILE* exists and is a symbolic link

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### Loops

**B:** while *list*; do *list*; done

**C:** while (*list*) *list*; end

**B:** until *list*; do *list*; done

**B:** for *name* in *word* ...; do *list* ; done

**C:** foreach *name* (*word* ...) *list* ; end

break [n], continue [n]



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### Case switch

```
case word in [ [(] pattern [ | pattern ] ... ) list ;; ] ...  
esac
```

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### Functions

[function] *name* () {*list*}

return [n]

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### Useful functions

basename – strip directory and suffix from filenames

dirname – strip non-directory suffix from file name

echo – display a line of text

eval – execute expression by the shell

exec – replace the shell by command

read – read string from stdin to variable

readonly -- variables are marked readonly

shift – shift parameters

sleep – delay execution for a specified amount of time

which, type – which command?