



Dr. Nick Feamster
Associate Professor

Software Defined Networking



In this course, you will learn about software defined networking and how it is changing the way communications networks are managed, maintained, and secured.

This Module: Network Virtualization

⦿ Three Lessons

- What is network virtualization and how is it implemented?
- Examples of network virtualization and applications
- **Virtual networking in Mininet**
 - **Mininet: Why and How?**
 - Examples of Using Mininet

What is Mininet?

- ⦿ A **virtual network environment** that can run on a single PC
- ⦿ Runs real kernel, switch, and application code on a single machine
 - Command-line, UI, Python interfaces
- ⦿ Many **OpenFlow features** are built-in
 - Useful: developing, deploying, and sharing

Why Use Mininet?

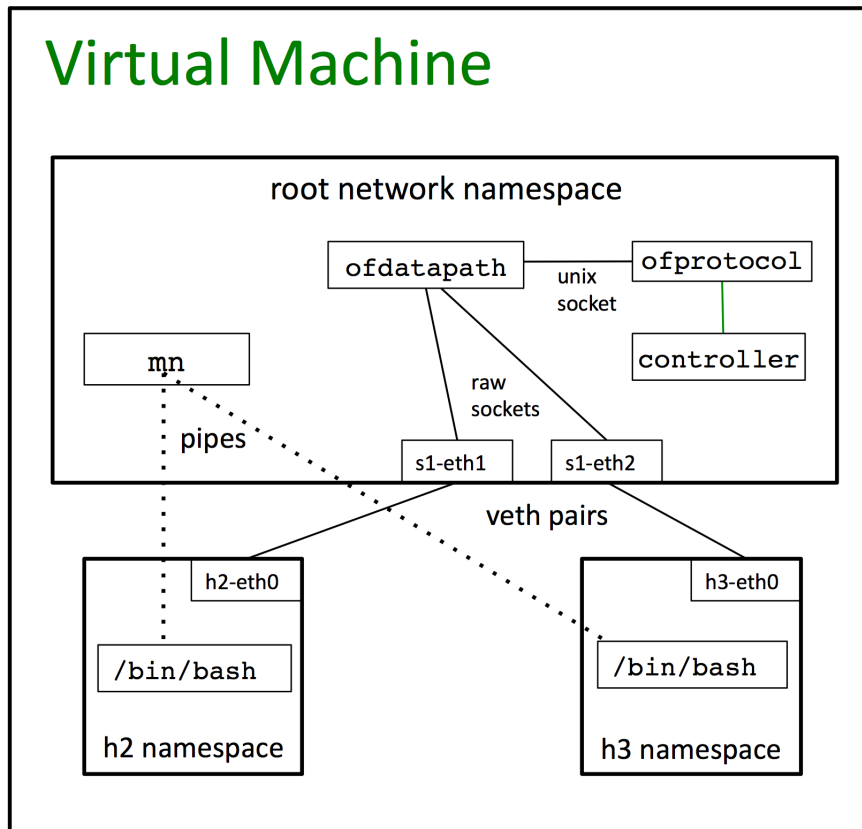
- ⦿ Fast
- ⦿ Possible to create custom topologies
- ⦿ Can run real programs (anything that can run on Linux can run on a Mininet host)
- ⦿ Programmable OpenFlow switches
- ⦿ Easy to use
- ⦿ Open source

Alternatives

- ⦿ **Real system:** Pain to configure
- ⦿ **Networked VMs:** Scalability
- ⦿ **Simulator:** No path to hardware deployment

The Mininet VM in a Nutshell

Virtual Machine



- Launch mininet process
- Per host
 - Bash process
 - Network namespace
- Create veth pairs and assign to namespaces
- Create OpenFlow switch to connect hosts
- Create OpenFlow controller

Summary

- ⦿ Mininet is a network emulator that runs in a Virtual Machine
 - Lightweight OS virtualization to achieve scale
 - Fast, easy, sharable
- ⦿ Next Part of Lesson: Topology examples
 - mn wrapper, Python
 - Topologies and controllers